Transition to Technical Math Unit Rubrics
METT - Trades

| Standard | 4 - Mastery | 3 - Proficient | 2 - Basic | 1- Below Basic | O-No Evidence |
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| TM-NS1-E. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation and rounding strategies. | E. Apply mental math skills to find and correct errors in contextual problems. | E. Mathematically determine and support, using mental math, the reasonableness of an answer to a contextual problem. (Must be able to determine and support reasonable and nonreasonable answers.) | E. Recognize reasonable solutions to problem and level of needed precision. | E. Apply basic rules of rounding and estimation using mental math. | E. Not yet able to use mental math skills to determine if an answer is reasonable. |
| TM-NS1-F. Use rational approximations of irrational numbers to compare the size of irrational numbers and estimate the value of expressions (e.g., $\pi / 2$ ). | F. Apply multiple rational approximations within one task to more precisely estimate values. | F. Apply rational approximations to more precisely estimate values within an authentic task. | F. Estimate approximations of irrational numbers and be able to round up to next larger integer to estimate values with in an authentic task. | F. Determine placement on a number line between consecutive integers. | F. Not yet able to calculate rational approximations. |
| TM-NS2-B Convert among different sized standard and/or metric measurement units and use these conversions in solving authentic multistep problems. | B. Accurately convert units among and between systems and determine which system and/or unit is more applicable to the given scenario. | B. Convert different sized units within a measurement system and between systems within an authentic task. | B. Convert different sized units between like systems from an authentic task. | B. Recognize measurement system and measurement units are appropriate to use within an authentic task and can develop a plan for solving. | B. Not yet able to convert different sized units between like or unlike systems within an authentic task. |
| TM-NS2.D. Manipulate and transform units appropriately when multiplying or dividing quantities. <br> i.e. ft Xft is $\mathrm{ft}^{\wedge} 2$, ft per second divided by feet yields seconds | D. Find and correct a unit error within an authentic task. | D. Manipulate and transform units when multiplying and dividing quantities with units in an authentic task. | D. Manipulate and transform units when multiplying and dividing quantities with units. | D. Recognize which units must be used when multiplying or dividing quantities with units with initial units and ending units. | D. Not yet able to manipulate and transform units when multiplying or dividing quantities with units. |
| TM-NS3-C. Work with radicals and integer exponents. | C. Find and correct an error within a problem which includes radical and integer exponents. | C. Solve problems or use formulas within an authentic task which involve radical and integer exponents. | C. Evaluate formulas with radicals and integer exponents. | C. Able to compute with radicals and integer exponents on a calculator. | C. Not yet able to simplify a problem with radical or integer exponents. |
| TM-NS3-D. Use square root and cube root symbols to represent solutions to equations of the form $x^{\wedge} 2=p$ and $x^{\wedge} 3=p$, where $p$ is a positive rational number. | D. Develop an algebraic expression that demonstrates the transition from exponents to radical solutions within an authentic task. | D. Correctly using the square root and cube root symbols in the solutions to $\mathrm{x} 2=\mathrm{p}$ and $\mathrm{x} 3=\mathrm{p}$, where p is a positive rational number, within an authentic task. | D. Correctly using the square root and cube root symbols in the solutions to $x 2=p$ and $x 3=p$, where $p$ is a positive rational number. | D. Recognize that x is a square root or cube root of $p$, where $p$ is a positive rational number. | D. Not yet able to use root symbols to represent solutions to equations. |
| TM-NS3-E. Evaluate square roots of small perfect squares and cube roots of small perfect cubes. | E. Evaluate larger perfect square and cube roots within an authentic task without a calculator. | E. Evaluate small, perfect square and cube roots, within an authentic task without a calculator. | E. Evaluate small, perfect square and cube roots with a calculator | E. Recognize perfect squares and perfect cubes. | E. Not yet able to evaluate perfect square or cube root. |

Transition to Technical Math Unit Rubrics

| TM-NS3-F. Know that square roots and cubed roots of non-perfect squares and cubes are irrational and understand what irrational numbers are. | F. Estimate values of a nonperfect square or cube root without technology and determine how to use the value in context of the authentic task. | F. Estimate the value of a non-perfect square or cube root when solving problems. <br> AND <br> F. Determine when an answer in an authentic task will be an irrational number. Can describe how accuracy is impacted by the use of irrational numbers. | F. Recognize a value as an estimate (close in value) of a non-perfect square or cube. | F. Estimate roots of nonperfect squares and cubes using a calculator | F. Not yet able to make a connection between a non-perfect square or cube root and an irrational number. |
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| TM-NS4-C. Identify types of graphs that best represent a given set of data. | C. Identify pros and cons of different graphs given a set of data from an authentic task. | C. Identify and defend chosen graphical representation of a given set of data from an authentic task. | C. Recognize when specific data is best represented by certain graphs. | C. Identify types of graphs and what they are used for. | C. Not yet able to identify graphs and uses for them. |
| TM-G1.A. Use perimeter, area, and volume formulas to calculate measurements of geometric figures. | A. Determine ideal (optimal) measurements of a figure within an authentic task. | A. Determine measurements of figures using geometric formulas of perimeter, area, and volume within an authentic task. | A. Determine measurements of figures using formulas of perimeter, area, and volume. | A. Identify which formula and units are appropriate for calculating measurements. | A. Not yet able to use formulas to calculate measurements of a figure. |
| TM-G2.A. Use facts <br> about supplementary, <br> complementary, <br> vertical, adjacent, <br> corresponding, <br> alternate interior, and <br> alternate exterior angles <br> to solve for an unknown <br> angle. | A. Explain the properties being used to solve for missing angle measures in an authentic task. | A. Recognize supplementary, complementary, vertical, adjacent, and corresponding angles on authentic figure. | A. Apply angle properties, such as vertical angles are congruent, to calculate unknown angle values | A. Determine unknown angle measures within an authentic task applying angle properties. | A. Not yet able to apply angle properties to determine unknown angle measures within an authentic figure. |
| TM-G2.B. Accurately measure parts of geometric figures such as sides, perimeter, circumference, diagonals, diameter, and angles using the correct measurement tool. | B. Measure and write the measurement of part(s) of real world geometric compound figures using correct tool. | B. Measure and write the measurement of part(s) of real world geometric figures using correct tool. | B. Measure and write the measurement of figures on paper. | B. Recognize which measuring instrument and units are appropriate. | B. Not yet able to correctly use a measurement tool to find the measure of geometric figures |
| TM-G2.C. Solve problems involving scale drawings of geometric figures including computing actual lengths and areas from a scale drawing and reproducing a scale drawing at a different scale. | C. Adjust measurements within a scale drawing to give different options to an authentic task. | C. Reproduce a scale drawing applying a different scale. AND C. Solve a variety of problems involving scale drawings within an authentic task. | C. Create a drawing using a given scale. (Can be a simple object from classroom or can use technology if school has access.) | C. Identify given scale and convert length to actual units | C. Not yet able to apply scale drawings to compute actual measurements. |

Transition to Technical Math Unit Rubrics

| TM-G2-D. Represent applied problems by graphing points in the coordinate plane and interpret coordinate values of points in the context of the situation. | D. Create the graph and label axis, scale, coordinates from an authentic task. | D. Graph and interpret meanings of coordinate points from an authentic task with given origin and scale. | D. Graph contextual situation on a coordinate plane with a given labeled axis. | D. Can graph points and give coordinates of points on a graph. | D. Not yet able to recognize coordinates of points or graph points. |
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| TM-BA1-A. Use properties of operations to generate equivalent expressions. | A. Describe properties and operations to create equivalent expressions within an authentic task. | A. Apply properties of operations to create equivalent expressions within an authentic task. | A. Show that two expressions are equivalent. | A. Identify equivalent expressions. | A. Not yet able to create equivalent expressions. |
| TM-BA1-B. Apply properties of operations as strategies to add, subtract, factor, and expand linear expressions with rational coefficients. | B. Find and correct an error when adding, subtracting, factoring and expanding a linear expression within an authentic task. | B. Add, subtract, factor, and expand linear expressions with rational coefficients within an authentic task. | B. Able to add, subtract, and factor linear expressions with rational numbers. | B. Able to add, subtract, factor linear expressions with integers. | B. Not yet able to apply properties of operations with expressions containing rational coefficients. |
| TM-BA2-A. Use variables to represent two quantities involving geometric figures that change in relationship to one another. | A. Predict the impact of change on one variable as it relates to the second variable, using an authentic task. | A. Define and use variables that represent quantities of geometric figures within an authentic task. <br> AND <br> A. Describe the relationship of two quantities within a geometric figure and how they change in relationship to each other. | A. Evaluate the geometric relationship with different values in the two quantities and note changes in one quantity when the other is changed. | A. Define quantities needed given a geometric formula. | A. Not yet able to represent two quantities of a figure as variables |
| TM-BA3-A. Evaluate expressions, including those that arise from formulas in authentic problems, at specific values for their variables. | A. Explain answers from an authentic task. | A. Evaluate the expression or formula, with correct units, within an authentic task. | A. Evaluate the expression or formula, with correct units. | A. Correctly substitute the numbers into the expression. | A. Not yet able to evaluate an expression. |
| TM-BA3-B. Reason quantitatively and use units to solve problems as a way to understand problems and to guide the solution of multistep problems. | B. Explain and defend a multi-step solution within an authentic task using quantitative reasoning. | B. Apply quantitative reasoning when solving a multi-step problem within an authentic task. | B. Apply quantitative reasoning when solving a simple task. | B. Compare different quantities based on units to decide steps for solving a problem. | B. Not yet able to apply units to reason quantitatively about a problem. |
| TM-BA3-C. Choose and interpret units consistently in formulas. | C. Justify final unit measure selection. | C. Interpret units of measure in a formula within an authentic task. | C. Recognize different unit measures within a problem and convert correctly. | C. Determine appropriate units for final answers. | C. Not yet able to choose units of measure in formulas. |
| TM-BA3-D. Apply appropriate formulas to solve applications. | D. Apply and explain formulas used to solve problems in an authentic task. | D. Select and apply appropriate formulas to solve problems in an authentic task. | D. Select the appropriate formula to solve an authentic task. | D. Determine correct formula for an authentic task when given options. | D. Not yet able to apply formulas within an authentic task. |

Transition to Technical Math Unit Rubrics

| TM-NS1-E. Assess the reasonableness of answers using mental computation and estimation and rounding strategies. | A. Create equivalent proportions for quantities with an authentic task. | A. Set-up and solve a proportion as part of an authentic task. Including units when applicable. <br> AND <br> A. Describe the proportional relationship between quantities within an authentic task. | A. Set up a proportion and solve. | A. Set up a single ratio using units | A. Not yet able to setup a ratio or proportion. |
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| TM-NS1-F. Use rational approximations of irrational numbers to compare the size of irrational numbers and estimate the value of expressions (e.g., $\pi / 2$ ). | F. Apply multiple rational approximations within one task to more precisely estimate values. | F. Apply rational approximations to more precisely estimate values within an authentic task. | F. Estimate approximations of irrational numbers and be able to round up to next larger integer to estimate values with in an authentic task. | F. Determine placement on a number line between consecutive integers. | F. Not yet able to calculate rational approximations. |
| TM-NS2-D Manipulate and transform units appropriately when multiplying or dividing quantities. | D. Find and correct a unit error within an authentic task. | D. Manipulate and transform units when multiplying and dividing quantities with units in an authentic task. | D. Manipulate and transform units when multiplying and dividing quantities with units. | D. Recognize which units must be used when multiplying or dividing quantities with units with initial units and ending units | D. Not yet able to manipulate and transform units when multiplying or dividing quantities with units. |
| TM-NS3-A. Evaluate expressions at specific values for their variables. Include expressions that arise from formulas in authentic problems. | A. Explain how the values of the variable(s) effect with each other and how changes can affect the final value in an authentic task. | A. Evaluate variable expressions containing common integer, decimal, and fractional values found in authentic task. (with and without technology) | A. Evaluate variable expressions with integers, decimals, and fraction values | A. Evaluate variable expressions with integer values. | A. Not yet able to accurately evaluate an expression for a given value. |
| TM-NS3-B. Perform arithmetic operations, including those involving whole-number exponents, using order of operations. | B. Find and correct an error with an order of operation problem which includes whole number exponents | B. Calculate an order of operation problem with an authentic task which involves whole number exponents. (with and without technology) AND <br> B. Explain the process used to calculate and order of operation problem within an authentic task which includes whole number exponents. | B. Use order of operations to simplify an expression. | B. Explain the process using the order of operations to simplify a given expression. | B. Not yet able to apply order of operations. |
| TM-NS3-C. Work with radicals and integer exponents. | C. Find and correct an error within a problem which includes radical and integer exponents. | C. Solve problems or use formulas within an authentic task which involve radical and integer exponents | C. Evaluate formulas with radicals and integer exponents | C. Able to compute with radicals and integer exponents on a calculator. | C. Not yet able to simplify a problem with radical or integer exponents. |
| TM-G1.A. Use perimeter, area, and volume formulas to calculate measurements of geometric figures. | A. Determine ideal (optimal) measurements of a figure within an authentic task. | A. Determine measurements of figures using geometric formulas of perimeter, area, and volume within an authentic task. | A. Determine measurements of figures using formulas of perimeter, area, and volume. | A. Identify which formula and units are appropriate for calculating measurements. | A. Not yet able to use formulas to calculate measurements of a figure. |

Transition to Technical Math Unit Rubrics

| ```TM-G2-A. Use facts about supplementary, complementary, vertical, adjacent, corresponding, alternate interior, and alternate exterior angles to solve for an unknown angle.``` | A. Explain the properties being used to solve for missing angle measures in an authentic task. | A. Determine unknown angle measures within an authentic task applying angle properties. | A. Apply angle properties, such as vertical angles are congruent, to calculate unknown angle values. | A. Recognize supplementary, complementary, vertical, adjacent, and corresponding angles on authentic figure. | A. Not yet able to apply angle properties to determine unknown angle measures within an authentic figure. |
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| TM-G3.A. Use the Pythagorean Theorem to solve for the length of a leg or the hypotenuse of right triangles. | A. Apply Pythagorean Theorem in an authentic task to determine if the measures form an acute, right, or obtuse triangle. | A. Apply Pythagorean Theorem in an authentic task to find the side of a right triangle. | A. Apply the Pythagorean Theorem to find sides of a right triangle. | A. Identify the legs and hypotenuse of a right triangle. | A. Not yet able to apply Pythagorean Theorem to calculate an unknown side of a triangle. |
| TM-G3.B. Use right triangle ratios (sine, cosine, tangent, and their inverses) to solve for unknown sides and angles in right triangles. | B. Prove calculations using a different Trigonometry function or another Triangle Property. (ie Triangle Sum and Pythagorean Theorem). | B. Calculate unknown sides and angles of a right triangles within an authentic task. | B. Calculate unknown sides and angles of a right triangles | B. Can find trigonometry ratios of an acute angle of a triangle with known sides. | B. Not yet able to apply right triangle trigonometry to calculate unknown sides and angles in a right triangle. |
| TM-BA3-C. Choose and interpret units consistently in formulas. | C. Justify final unit measure selection. | C. Interpret units of measure in a formula within an authentic task. | C. Recognize different unit measures within a problem and convert correctly. | C. Determine appropriate units for final answers. | C. Not yet able to choose units of measure in formulas. |
| TM-BA3-D. Apply appropriate formulas to solve applications. | D. Apply and explain formulas used to solve problems in an authentic task. | D. Select and apply appropriate formulas to solve problems in an authentic task. | D. Select the appropriate formula to solve an authentic task. | D. Determine correct formula for an authentic task when given options. | D. Not yet able to apply formulas within an authentic task. |

